Corrections

Effects of T142 Phosphorylation and Mutation R145G on the Interaction of the Inhibitory Region of Human Cardiac Troponin I with the C-Domain of Human Cardiac Troponin C, by Darrin A. Lindhout, Monica X. Li, Dean Schieve, and Brian D. Sykes*, Volume 41, Number 23, June 11, 2002, pages 7267−7274.

Page 7268, column 2. The sequences for primers 1 and 3 should be switched. T142 and R145 in recombinant TnI (*1*) correspond to T143 and R146, respectively, in the wild-type protein (*2*), which has an extra N-terminal Met residue. Thus, the R145G mutation is not an FHC mutation. Subsequent results for the R144G FHC mutation (unpublished) are very similar, so the conclusions are unaltered. We thank J. D. Potter from the University of Miami School of Medicine (Miami, FL) for bringing this to our attention.

1. Dargis, R., Pearlstone, J. R., Barrette-Ng, I., Edwards, H., and Smillie, L. B. (2002) *J. Biol. Chem. 277*, 34662−34665.
2. Vallins, W. J., Brand, N. J., Dabhade, N., Butler-Browne, G., Yacoub, M. H., and Barton, P. J. (1990) *FEBS Lett. 270*, 57−61.

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